**Products Table**

**The Products table contains details about products, including their names, categories, and unit prices. It provides reference data for linking product information to sales transactions.**

**Query:**

**-- Create Products table  
  
CREATE TABLE Products (  
 product\_id INT PRIMARY KEY,  
 product\_name VARCHAR(100),  
 category VARCHAR(50),  
 unit\_price DECIMAL(10, 2)  
);  
  
-- Insert sample data into Products table  
  
INSERT INTO Products (product\_id, product\_name, category, unit\_price) VALUES  
(101, 'Laptop', 'Electronics', 500.00),  
(102, 'Smartphone', 'Electronics', 300.00),  
(103, 'Headphones', 'Electronics', 30.00),  
(104, 'Keyboard', 'Electronics', 20.00),  
(105, 'Mouse', 'Electronics', 15.00);**

**1. Retrieve all columns from the product table.**

select \* from products;

+------------+--------------+-------------+------------+

| product\_id | product\_name | category | unit\_price |

+------------+--------------+-------------+------------+

| 101 | Laptop | Electronics | 500.00 |

| 102 | Smartphone | Electronics | 300.00 |

| 103 | Headphones | Electronics | 30.00 |

| 104 | Keyboard | Electronics | 20.00 |

| 105 | Mouse | Electronics | 15.00 |

+------------+--------------+-------------+------------+

**2. Retrieve the product\_name and unit\_price from the Products table.**

select product\_name,unit\_price from products;

+--------------+------------+

| product\_name | unit\_price |

+--------------+------------+

| Laptop | 500.00 |

| Smartphone | 300.00 |

| Headphones | 30.00 |

| Keyboard | 20.00 |

| Mouse | 15.00 |

+--------------+------------+

**3. Filter the Products table to show only products in the 'Electronics' category.**

select \* from products where category='electronics';

+------------+--------------+-------------+------------+

| product\_id | product\_name | category | unit\_price |

+------------+--------------+-------------+------------+

| 101 | Laptop | Electronics | 500.00 |

| 102 | Smartphone | Electronics | 300.00 |

| 103 | Headphones | Electronics | 30.00 |

| 104 | Keyboard | Electronics | 20.00 |

| 105 | Mouse | Electronics | 15.00 |

+------------+--------------+-------------+------------+

**4. Retrieve the product\_id and product\_name from the Products table for products with a unit\_price greater than $100.**

select product\_id,product\_name from products where unit\_price>100;

+------------+--------------+

| product\_id | product\_name |

+------------+--------------+

| 101 | Laptop |

| 102 | Smartphone |

+------------+--------------+

**5. Calculate the average unit\_price of products in the Products table.**

select avg(unit\_price) as average\_price from products;

+---------------+

| average\_price |

+---------------+

| 173.000000 |

+---------------+

**6. Retrieve product\_name and unit\_price from the Products table with the Highest Unit Price**

select product\_name,unit\_price from products where (select max(unit\_price) from products) limit 1;

+--------------+------------+

| product\_name | unit\_price |

+--------------+------------+

| Laptop | 500.00 |

+--------------+------------+

**7. Retrieve the product\_name and unit\_price from the Products table, ordering the results by unit\_price in descending order.**

select product\_name,unit\_price from products order by unit\_price desc;

+--------------+------------+

| product\_name | unit\_price |

+--------------+------------+

| Laptop | 500.00 |

| Smartphone | 300.00 |

| Headphones | 30.00 |

| Keyboard | 20.00 |

| Mouse | 15.00 |

+--------------+------------+

**8. Retrieve the product\_name and unit\_price from the Products table, filtering the unit\_price to show only values between $20 and $600.**

select product\_name,unit\_price from products where unit\_price between 20 and 600;

+--------------+------------+

| product\_name | unit\_price |

+--------------+------------+

| Laptop | 500.00 |

| Smartphone | 300.00 |

| Headphones | 30.00 |

| Keyboard | 20.00 |

+--------------+------------+

**9. Retrieve the product\_name and category from the Products table, ordering the results by category in ascending order.**

select product\_name,category from products order by category;

+--------------+-------------+

| product\_name | category |

+--------------+-------------+

| Laptop | Electronics |

| Smartphone | Electronics |

| Headphones | Electronics |

| Keyboard | Electronics |

| Mouse | Electronics |

+--------------+-------------+

**--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------**

**Sales Table**

**The Sales table records information about product sales, including the quantity sold, sale date, and total price for each sale. It serves as a transactional data source for analyzing sales trends.**

**Query:**

**-- Create Sales table  
  
CREATE TABLE Sales (  
 sale\_id INT PRIMARY KEY,  
 product\_id INT,  
 quantity\_sold INT,  
 sale\_date DATE,  
 total\_price DECIMAL(10, 2)  
 FOREIGN KEY (product\_id) REFERENCES Products(product\_id)  
);  
  
-- Insert sample data into Sales table  
  
INSERT INTO Sales (sale\_id, product\_id, quantity\_sold, sale\_date, total\_price) VALUES  
(1, 101, 5, '2024-01-01', 2500.00),  
(2, 102, 3, '2024-01-02', 900.00),  
(3, 103, 2, '2024-01-02', 60.00),  
(4, 104, 4, '2024-01-03', 80.00),  
(5, 105, 6, '2024-01-03', 90.00);**

**1. Retrieve all columns from the Sales table.**

select \* from sales;

+---------+------------+---------------+------------+-------------+

| sale\_id | product\_id | quantity\_sold | sale\_date | total\_price |

+---------+------------+---------------+------------+-------------+

| 1 | 101 | 5 | 2024-01-01 | 2500.00 |

| 2 | 102 | 3 | 2024-01-02 | 900.00 |

| 3 | 103 | 2 | 2024-01-02 | 60.00 |

| 4 | 104 | 4 | 2024-01-03 | 80.00 |

| 5 | 105 | 6 | 2024-01-03 | 90.00 |

+---------+------------+---------------+------------+-------------+

**2. Retrieve the sale\_id and sale\_date from the Sales table.**

select sale\_id,sale\_date from sales;

+---------+------------+

| sale\_id | sale\_date |

+---------+------------+

| 1 | 2024-01-01 |

| 2 | 2024-01-02 |

| 3 | 2024-01-02 |

| 4 | 2024-01-03 |

| 5 | 2024-01-03 |

+---------+------------+

**3. Filter the Sales table to show only sales with a total\_price greater than $100.**

select \* from sales where total\_price > 100;

+---------+------------+---------------+------------+-------------+

| sale\_id | product\_id | quantity\_sold | sale\_date | total\_price |

+---------+------------+---------------+------------+-------------+

| 1 | 101 | 5 | 2024-01-01 | 2500.00 |

| 2 | 102 | 3 | 2024-01-02 | 900.00 |

+---------+------------+---------------+------------+-------------+

**4. Retrieve the sale\_id and total\_price from the Sales table for sales made on January 3, 2024.**

select sale\_id,total\_price from sales where sale\_date='2024/01/03';

+---------+-------------+

| sale\_id | total\_price |

+---------+-------------+

| 4 | 80.00 |

| 5 | 90.00 |

+---------+-------------+

**5. Calculate the total revenue generated from all sales in the Sales table.**

select sum(total\_price) as total\_revenue from sales;

+---------------+

| total\_revenue |

+---------------+

| 3630.00 |

+---------------+

**6. Calculate the total quantity\_sold from the Sales table.**

select sum(quantity\_sold) from sales;

+--------------------+

| sum(quantity\_sold) |

+--------------------+

| 20 |

+--------------------+

**7. Retrieve the sale\_id, product\_id, and total\_price from the Sales table for sales with a quantity\_sold greater than 4.**

select sale\_id,product\_id,total\_price from sales where quantity\_sold>4;

+---------+------------+-------------+

| sale\_id | product\_id | total\_price |

+---------+------------+-------------+

| 1 | 101 | 2500.00 |

| 5 | 105 | 90.00 |

+---------+------------+-------------+

**8.  Calculate the average total\_price of sales in the Sales table.**

select avg(total\_price) from sales;

+------------------+

| avg(total\_price) |

+------------------+

| 726.000000 |

+------------------+